

Figure 1-2. Airplane Dimensions (Sheet 1)

SECTION I

GENERAL INFORMATION

1-1. DESCRIPTION.

1-2. The A-7D is a single-place, light-attack, all-weather airplane incorporating advanced radar, navigation, and weapons systems. Principal recognition features are the sweptback, shoulder-mounted wing with a marked degree of negative dihedral, unit horizontal tail, low profile fuselage, and retractable tricycle landing gear with steerable nosewheels. Foldable wing outer panels are installed on the right and left side of the wing to facilitate close-quarter parking. A retractable arresting gear is installed on the fuselage aft section. The powerplant, installed in the fuselage aft section, is a TF41-A-1 turbofan engine capable of developing 14,250 pounds of thrust. Fuel tanks are installed in the fuselage midsection and an integral fuel tank is provided in the wing center section. External fuel tanks may be mounted on wing pylon stations 1, 3, 6, and 8.

1-3. Armament consists of an M61A1 gun and eight ordnance stations. Three ordnance stations on each side of the wing center section and one station on each side of the fuselage are provided for mounting weapons. Flight controls consist of leading and trailing edge flaps, ailerons, and spoiler/deflectors attached to the wing; a speed brake attached to the bottom of the fuselage midsection; and a unit horizontal tail, and rudder attached to the empennage.

1-4. ARRANGEMENT. (See figure 1-1.)

1-5. The A-7D fuselage is divided into three major sections: the fuselage forward section, the fuselage midsection, and the fuselage aft section. The wing is attached to the fuselage midsection. A unit horizontal tail is attached to the fuselage aft section, and the vertical stabilizer, forming an integral part of the fuselage, is mounted on the upper portions of the fuselage aft section. Major components of the fuselage forward section are the nose radome, laser target detector pod (airplanes after T.O. 1A-7D-820), nose landing gear, M61A1 gun, liquid oxygen converter, ammunition drum, air-conditioning package, air refueling probe (airplanes

through AF69-6196), emergency power package, and cockpit. Major components of the fuselage midsection are avionic compartments, main landing gear, speed brake,

air refueling receptacle (airplanes AF69-6197 and subsequent), and fuselage fuel tanks. Major components of the fuselage aft section are the powerplant, battery, arresting

gear, strike camera, unit horizontal tail control installation, and bleed air manifold. Major components of the vertical stabilizer are the rudder, UHF-IFF antenna, ECM antenna, ILS antenna, and rudder power control package. The wing consists of a center section and two foldable outer panels. Major components of the wing center section are leading and trailing edge flaps, spoiler/deflectors, and an integral fuel tank. Ailerons and leading edge flaps are attached to each wing outer panel, and the remote indicating compass transmitter is located in the right wing outer panel.

1-6. PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS. (See figure 1-2.)

1-7. Principal airplane dimensions are taken with airplane in level flight position and nosewheel on the ground.

1-8. AIRPLANE STATIONS AND FRAMES. (See figure 1-3.)

1-9. The zero reference station for the fuselage is 181.90 inches forward of the nose radome. To determine the true location in inches from the nose of the airplane, subtract 181.90 inches from the fuselage station reference number. Wing stations are measured from the center of the fuselage, which is wing station 0, to the outer limits of each outer panel. Unit horizontal tail stations are measured from the fuselage attaching point to the outer limits of the UHT. Vertical fuselage reference stations are indicated by waterline stations. Waterline station 100 is an imaginary line through the center of the fuselage.

1-10. AIRPLANE WALKWAYS. (See figure 1-4.)

1-11. Designated areas of the wing center section, top of the fuselage midsection and aft section, and unit horizontal tail (UHT) may be used as walkways. The UHT may be used to climb on top of the aft fuselage. On airplanes AF69-6244 and subsequent, the UHT walkway is coated with MIL-W-5044, Type II walkway material for skin surface protection. In all other areas, place clean rubber mats on walkways to prevent damage to skin surface. If mats are not available, wear rubber sole shoes that are free of foreign materials when walking on walkways. Refer to T.O. 1A-7D-3 for application of walkway material on UHT.

GENERAL		PLIDDER	
		RUDDER	(3)
Wingspan	38.73 Ft.	Туре	Plain,
Wingspan, folded	23.77 Ft.		riain, seated
Length, overall	46.13 Ft	Chord, average	2.12 Ft
Main wheel thread	9.49 Ft	Maximum deflection	2.12 Ft
Airplane gross weight	33,194*	Clean condition	0
Tire size	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000		±6°
Main wheels	28 X 9.0 - 14	Takeoff and landing	±24°
Nose wheels	22 X 5.5 - 12		
		HIGH LIFT AND DRAG	
FUSELAGE		INCREASING DEVICES	
Height, basic outside	7.20 Ft	Wing trailing edge flap	
Width, basic outside	4.88 Ft	Type	Parameter in the
Length	44.18 Ft	Abe	Single,
zuigii.	44.16 Ft	Carr	slotted
		Span	9.20 Ft
MANAG		Chord, percent of wing	
WING		chord	22.55
This	appearant.	Maximum deflection	40°
Type	High		Wested "
Airfoil section at root	NACA 65A007		
Airfoil section at tip	NACA 65A007	LEADING EDGE FLAP	
Chord at root	15.49 Ft		
Chord at tip	3.86 Ft.	Span	
Incidence	-10	Inboard	11.99 Ft
Dihedrat	-5°	Outboard	10.55 Ft
Aspect ratio 0.25	4.0	Chord, percent of wing chord	10.00 Ft
Sweepback of 0.25 chord line	35°	Inboard	10
		Outboard	12
		Maximum deflection	12
AILERONS		Maximum Deligication	**35°
**************************************			†26°
Туре	Plain,	SPOILER-DEFLECTOR	
•	sealed	25 (6.1)	
Span	6.24 Ft	Location, Percent of semispan	
Chord, percent wing chord/Ft		Inboard end	28.94
Inboard end	25/2.14	Outboard end	43.46
Outboard end	25/1.26	Spoiler chord, percent of	73,40
Maximum deflection	± 25	Wing chord	
	150,500	inboard end	6.92
		Outboard end	
UNIT HORIZONTAL TAIL		Maximum deflection	7.71
	2	Deflector, percent of wing	60°
Span	19 14 6-	Chord	
Chord (MGC) at 3.40 Ft from	18.14 Ft	Inboard end	
Centerline			5.07
	6.12 Ft	Outboard end	5.88
Airfoil section		Maximum deflection	30°
Root	NACA 65A006		50.50
Tip	NACA 65A004	00556 b**	
Maximum deflection		SPEED BRAKE	
Leading edge up	6° 45′	XX Section and Control of the Contro	
Leading edge down	26° 30'	Maximum deflection	60°
Sweepback of 0.25 chord line	45°		170.7
Dihedral	5° 25'	20	50
	65 <u>5</u>	ADEAC	
TAIL (VERTICAL)		AREAS	
I AIL (VENTICAL)	<i>\$</i>)	Wing	275 C_ F-
Span	10 on F.	Wing, trailing edge flap,	375 Sq Ft
Chord (MGC)	12.86 Ft	each	21 74 2 5
	10.20 Ft	Leading edge flap	21.74 Sq Ft
Airfoil section	12 3465103	Inboard section	10 30 5- 7-
Root	NACA 65A005,2		18.36 Sq Ft
	(Mod)	Outboard section	18.88 Sq Ft
Tip	NACA 65A004	Ailerons	19.94 Sq Ft
	(Mod)	Spoiler	4.60 Sq Ft
Sweepback of 0.25 chord line	44.28°	Deflector	3.44 Sq Ft
		Vertical stabilizer	111.20 Sq Ft
		Rudder	15.04 Sq Ft
		Unit horizontal tail	56.39 Sq Ft
*Includes fuel, oil, oxygen, pile		Speed brake	25.00 Sq Ft
guns, ammunition, and pylon	N,		-5.55 54 1 1
WITH SUPPLIFICATION SON OVICE	reniaca.		
	· -p/		
ment fairings **Airplanes through AF73-998			

Figure 1-2. Airplane Dimensions (Sheet 2)

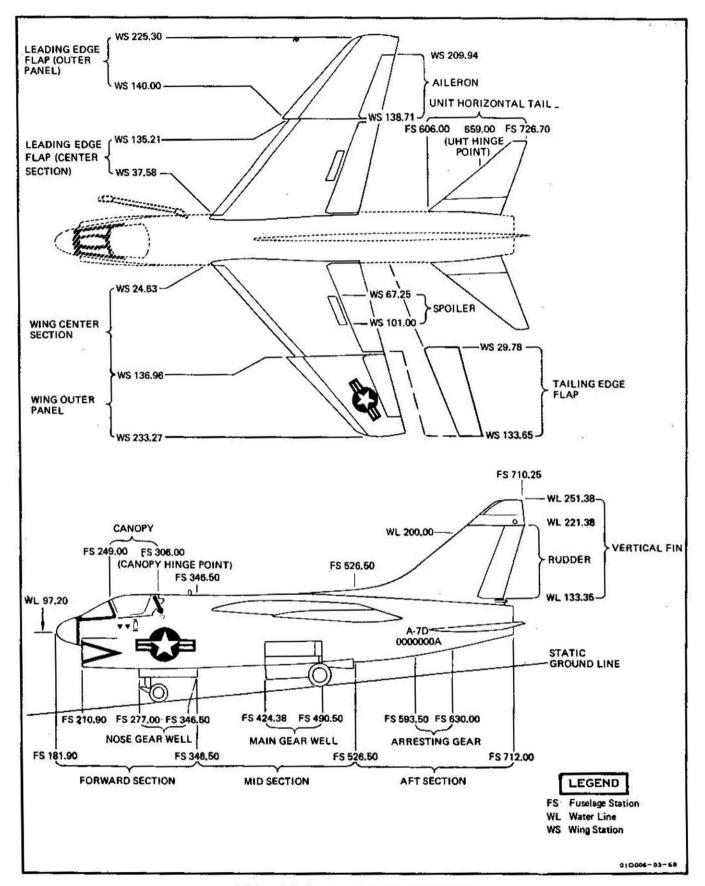


Figure 1-3. Airplane Stations and Frames

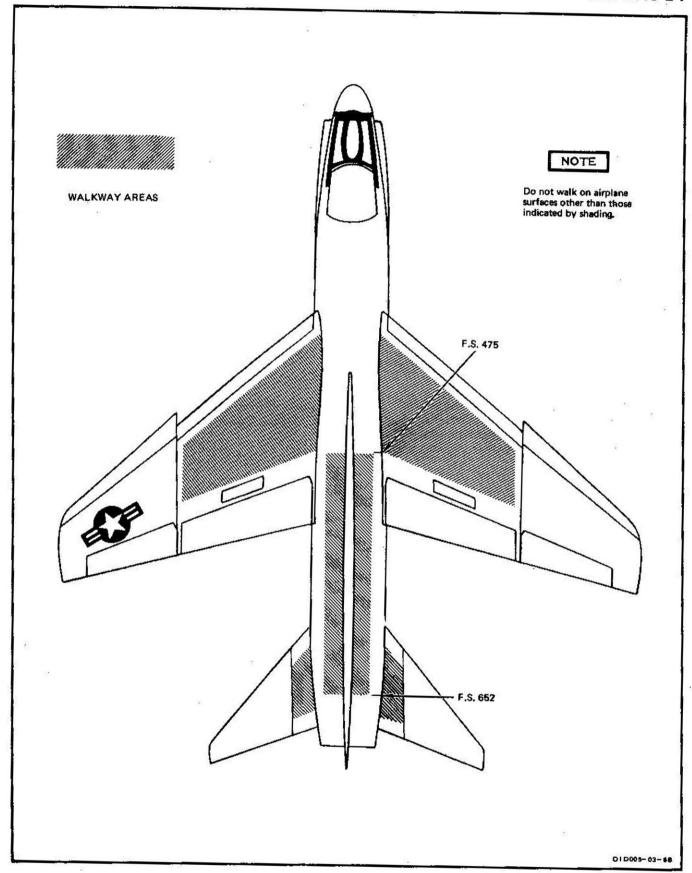


Figure 1-4. Airplane Walkways

1-12. ACCESS PANELS. (See figures 1-5 and 1-6 through 1-14.)

1-13. Access panels are designated numerically, depending on location of the panel on the airplane (figure 1-5). Certain access panels must be installed to prevent structural damage to the airplane when performing various maintenance or ground handling tasks. Figures 1-6 through 1-14 locate and identify all panels, including those that are subject to removal restrictions. Table 1-1 provides a listing, by panel number, of all restricted panels and conditions when they must be installed. Access panels which have armor plate attached are also identified and must be removed with care to prevent damage to the panel and armor plate or possible injury to personnel.

Table 1-1. Access Panel Restrictions

General

When the following access panel is removed, screws must be installed in the same holes from which they were removed to ensure normal magnetic environment. Failure to do this may result in compass errors.

4131-1

CAUTION

To prevent structural damage to airplane, the following access panels shall be installed (with all fasteners) during applicable operation or condition.

Static Condition

1222-5		
1222-6	or	\$2212-6
1222-6-1		2212-10
1222-6-3		

5122-3 or 5122-4 or 5122-5

6122-3 or 6122-4 or 6122-5

6222-1 or 6222-3

Table 1-1. Access Panel Restrictions (continued)

If 6122-2 is to be removed, 5122-6² and any two of 6122-3, -4, or -5 panels must be installed.

If 5122-6² is to be removed, 6122-2 and any two of 5122-3, -4, or -5 panels must be installed.

Canopy Counterbalance Cylinder

The following access panels shall be installed whenever the cylinder is pressurized.

Airplane Outdoors

The following access panels shall be installed if airplane may be subjected to winds of 15 knots or greater.

1123-1	or	$\begin{cases} 2123-4^1 \\ 2123-9^2 \end{cases}$
1222-8 1222-8-1 1222-9 1222-10	or	(2123-11 ¹ (1222-5 1222-6 1222-6-1 1222-6-3 1222-11
2212-6 } 2212-10 } 6222-1	or	2222-4
5122-4 5122-5	35-0	
5122-6 ² 5132-1 5133-1		
6122-4 6122-5		
6132-1 6133-1		

Table 1-1. Access Panel Restrictions (continued)

Table 1-1. Access Panel Restrictions (continued)

(commuea)	(continued)		
Wingfold Operation	5122-62		8
3112-3	5132-1		
4111-2	5133-1		
	6122-4		11
	6122-5		
Taxiing	6132-1		
ame restrictions apply as for engine operation	6133-1		
except 2212-6 must be installed.		3	2000000
•	6222-1	or	6222-3
M61A1 Gun Firing			
1123-1		Towing	17*
1123-3	Refer to table 2-1.		*
1123-41			
1212-3		Jacking	
1213-4	Defends table 2.2		
1213-6	Refer to table 2-3.		
1213-8		Hoisting	*
1221-1		Holsting	
1222-4	Refer to table 2-7.		
1222-5	to to those 2 /		
1222-8	E	ingine Operat	ion
1222-8-1			00.00
1222-9	Refer to table 2-9.		
1222-10	The state of the s		
1222-11	'Airplanes through	AF69-6196.	
2212-6	² Airplanes AF69-6		eanent
2212-10		i z and subst	-quene
5122-4			10-17
5122-5			

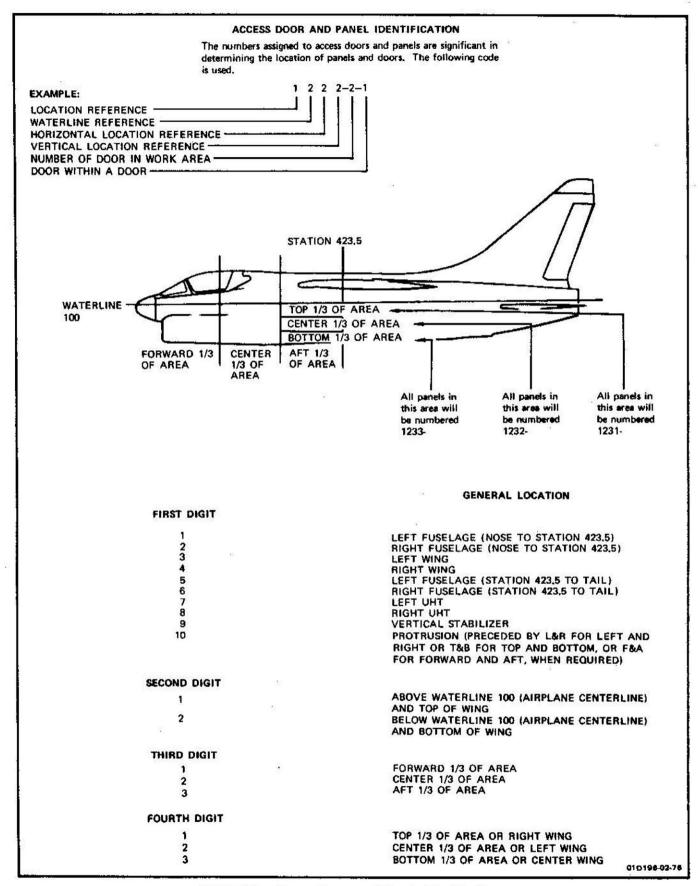


Figure 1-5. Access Doors and Panels Identification

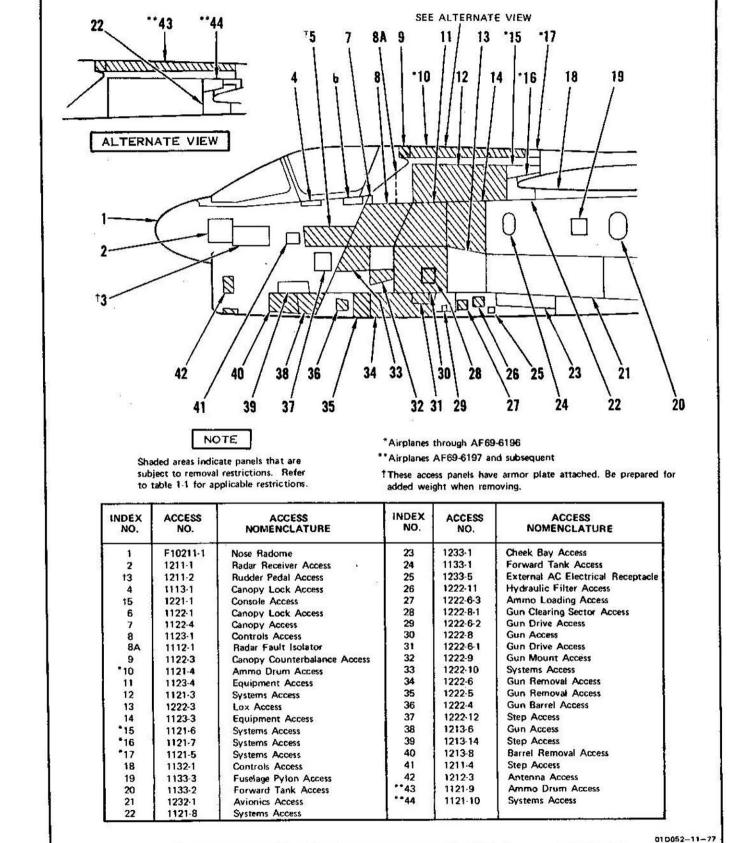
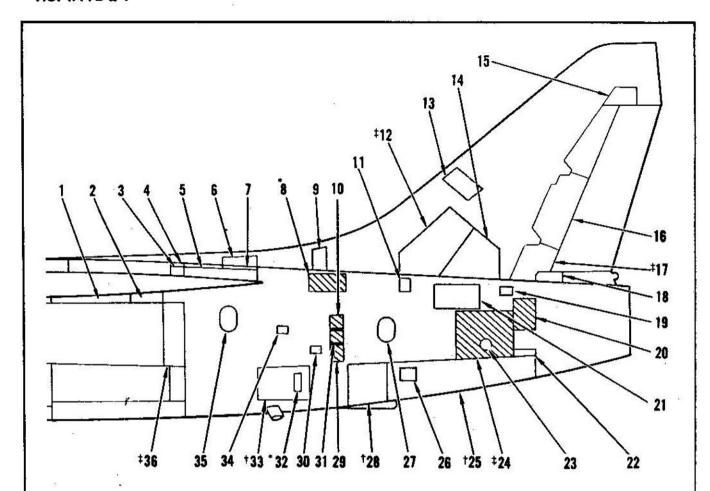


Figure 1-6. Left Forward Fuselage Access Panels



INDEX NO.	ACCESS NO.	ACCESS NOMENCLATURE	INDEX NO.	ACCESS NO.	ACCESS NOMENCLATURE
1	5112-1	Controls Access	119	5131-2	UHT Yoke Pivot Pin Access
2	5112-2	Controls Access	20	5132-1	UHT Removal Access
3	5111-4	Controls Access	21	5131-1	Engine Removal Access
4	5111-1	Controls Access	22	5231-1	UHT Removal Access
5	5111-2	Systems Access	23	5133-1-1	Electrical Servo Access
6	5111-3	Controls Access	‡24	5133-1	Elevator Servo Access
7	5111-5	Systems Access	†25	5222-3	Engine Removal Access
*8	5122-6	PC No. 3 Reservoir Access	26	5222-3-3	Engine Oil Inspection Access
9	5121-2	Controls Access	27	5222-4	Engine Oil Filler Access
10	5122-5	Engine Access	128	5222-2	Engine Access
11	5121-1	Controls Access	29	5122-3	Engine Access
‡12	9113-2	Controls Access	30		PC No. 3 Hyd Filter (Boost
13	9112-1	Antenna Coupling Access	31	5122-4	Pump)
14	9123-1	Controls Access	*32	5222-1-1	Engine Access
15	9131-1	Formation Light Access	†33	5222-1	Fuel Filter Inspection Access
16	9132-1	Controls Access	34	0222-1	Engine Access
\$17	9133-1	Controls Access	35	5113-2	PC No. 3 Hyd Filter (System)
18	A105 133-1-1	Electrical Disconnect Access	‡36	5113-1	Aft Fuel Tank Access Roll Control Access

^{*}Airplanes AF69-6197 and subsequent

†These access panels have armor plate attached. Be prepared for added weight when removing.

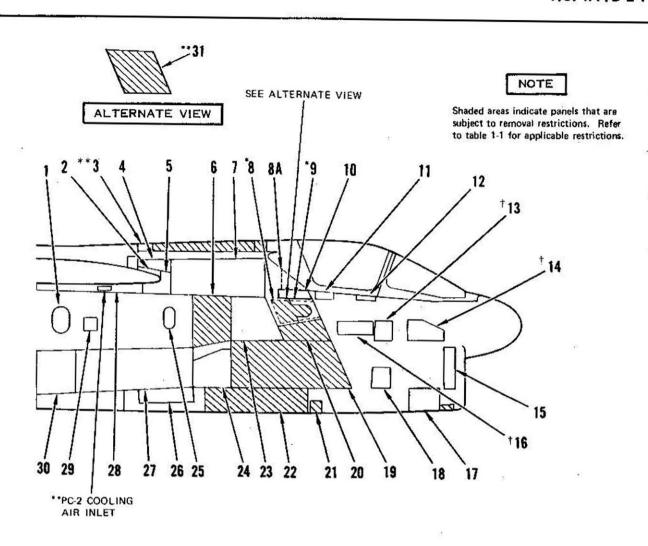
NOTE

Shaded areas indicate panels that are subject to removal restrictions. Refer to table 1-3 for applicable restrictions.

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Figure 1-7. Left Aft Fuselage Access Panels

[‡]On airplanes AF69-6197 and subsequent these access panels have armor plate attached. Be prepared for added weight when removing.



RIGHT FORWARD FUSELAGE

NO.	ACCESS NO.	ACCESS NOMENCLATURE	INDEX NO.	ACCESS NO.	ACCESS NOMENCLATURE
1	2133-2	Forward Fuel Tank Access	17	2212-8	Systems Access
3	2121-7	Wing Removal Access	18	2212-5	Systems Access
**3	2121-9	Systems Access	19	2222-4	Air-Conditioner Installation
4	2121-6	Systems Access			Access
5	2121-8	Systems Access	*20	2123-4	A/R Probe Actuator Access
5 6 7	2123-3	Equipment Access	21	2212-10	Nose Gear Trunnion Access
	2121-3	Ammo Drum Access	22	2212-6	Air-Conditioner Access
*8	2123-11	Hydraulic Access	23	2123-6	Equipment Access
8A	2112-1	Instrument Lights Dimming Panel	24	2222-5	Ram Air Turbine Access
*9	2123-1	Hydraulic Equipment Access	25	2133-1	Forward Fuel Tank Access
10	2122-5	Electrical Access	26	2233-1	Cheek Bay Access
11	2122-1	Canopy Lock Access	27	2232-1	Avionics Access
12	2113-2	Canopy Lock Access	28	2132-1	Controls Access
113	2211-3	Controls Access	29	2133-3	Fuselage Pylon Access
†14	2211-2	Rudder Pedal Access	30	2232-2	Sump Fuel Tank Access
15	2212-4	Antenna Access	**31	2123-9	
†16	2221-1	Console Access		2,255	Controls and Equipment Acces

^{*}Airplanes through AF69-6196

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Figure 1-8. Right Forward Fuselage Access Panels

^{**}Airplanes AF69-6197 and subsequent

[†]These access panels have armor plate attached. Be prepared for added weight when removing.

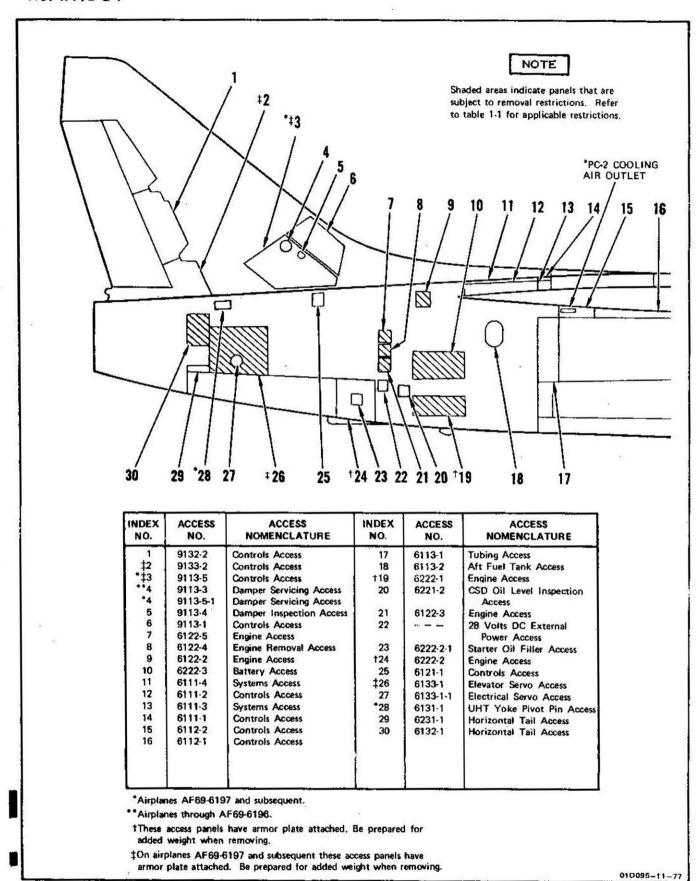
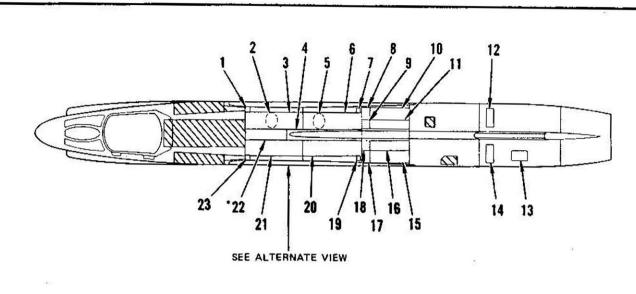
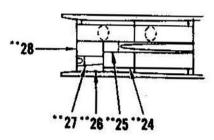


Figure 1-9. Right Aft Fuselage Access Panels





ALTERNATE VIEW

TOP OF FUSELAGE

NO.	ACCESS NO.	ACCESS NOMENCLATURE	NO.	ACCESS NO.	ACCESS NOMENCLATURE
1	4113-10	Right Forward Hoist Access	15	5111-2	Systems Access
2	4113-11-1	Fuel Tank Access	16	5111-5	Systems Access
3	4113-11	Air Conditioning Lines Access	17	5111-4	Controls Access
4.	10123-1	Controls Access	18	5111-1	Controls Access
5	4123-1-1	Fuel Tank Access	19	3133-5	Left Rear Hoist Access
5 6 7 8 9	4123-1	Air Conditioning Lines Access	20	3123-1	Fuel Tank Access
7	4133-5	Right Rear Hoist Access	21	3113-11	Fuel Tank Access
8	6111-3	Controls Access	*22	10113-1	Controls Access
9	6111-1	Controls Access	23	3113-10	Left Forward Hoist Acces
10	6111-2	Controls Access	**24	3113-11	Fuel Tank Access
11	6111-4	Systems Access	**25	10113-2	Controls Access
12	6121-1	Controls Access	**26	3113-12	IFR Receptacle Access
13	5131-1	Engine Removal Access	**27	3113-13	IFR Receptacle Access
14	5121-1	Controls Access	**28	10113-1	Controls Access

^{*}Airplanes through AF69-6196

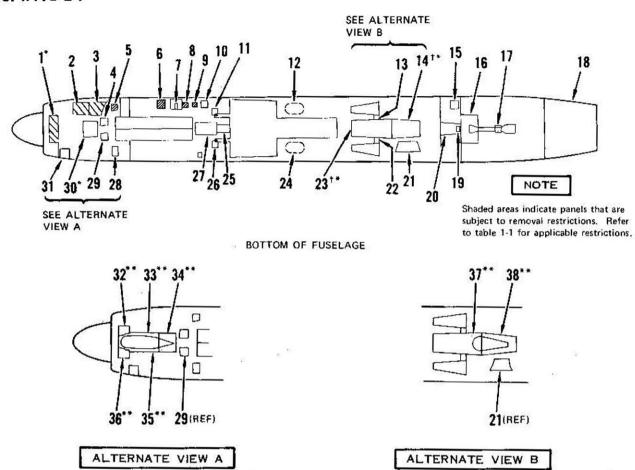
NOTE

Shaded areas indicate panels that are subject to removal restrictions. Refer to table 1-1 for applicable restrictions.

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Figure 1-10. Top Fuselage Access Panels

^{**}Airplanes AF69 8197 and subsequent



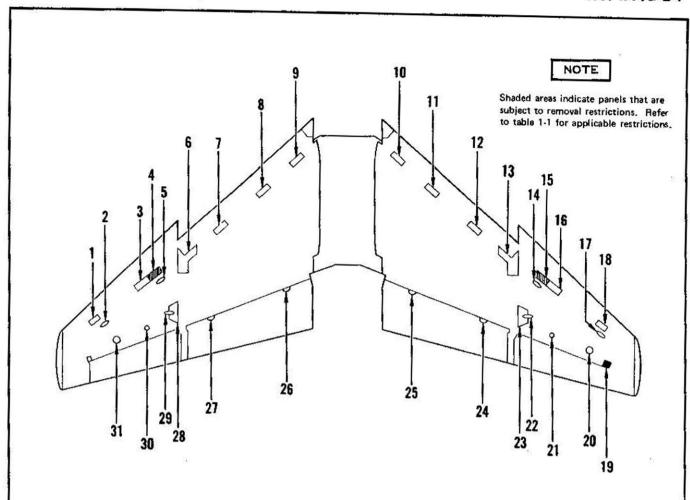
NO.	ACCESS NO.	ACCESS NOMENCLATURE	INDEX NO.	ACCESS NO.	ACCESS NOMENCLATURE
1*	1213-4	Antenna Access	20	5223-2	Engine Access
2	1213-8	Gun Access	21	6223-1	Camera Compartment Access
3	1213-6	Gun Access	22	6213-2	Lug Pin Access
4	1213-9	Antenna Access	231*	5213-3	Fuel Tank Access
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	1222-4	Gun Barrel Access	24	6211-1	Fuel Cell Access
6	1222-6-1	Gun Drive Access	25	1233-4	Anticollision Light Access
7	1222-6-2	Gun Drive Access	26	2233-3	Speed Brake Hinge Access
8	1222-6-3	Ammo Loading Access	27	1233-2	Radome Access
9	1222-11	Hydraulic Filter Access	28	2212-7	Hydraulic Access
10	1233-5	External AC Electrical Receptacle	29	2213-9	Hydraulic Access
11	1233-3	Speed Brake Hinge Access	30*	1213-7	Antenna Access
12	5211-1	Fuel Cell Access	31	2212-8	Systems Access
13	5213-2	Strut Pin Access	32**	1213-1	Preamplifier, Antenna Acces
141*	5223-1	Engine Access	33**	1213-2	Detector Pod Access
15	5222-2-1	Oil Sampling Access	34**	1213-3	Detector Adapter Access
16	5222-3-1	Oil Filter Access	35**	2213-2	Detector Pod Access
17	5222-3-2	Drain Installation Access	36 * *	2213-1	Antenna Access
18	A105133-1	Tail Cone	37**	5213-1	Antenna Access
19	5223-2-1	Accumulator Access	38**	5223-3	Engine Access

[†]These access panels have armor plate attached. Be prepared for added weight when removing.

Figure 1-11. Bottom Fuselage Access Panels

^{*}Airplanes before T.O. 1A-7D-820.

^{**} Airplanes after T.O. 1A-7D-820.



NO.	ACCESS	ACCESS	INDEX	ACCESS	ACCESS
	NO.	NOMENCLATURE	NO.	NO.	NOMENCLATURE
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	3112-1 3112-4 3112-2 3112-3 3112-5 3113-1 3113-4 3113-6 3113-9 4113-9 4113-6 4113-1 4111-5 4111-3 4111-3	Actuator Access Actuator Bolt Access Actuator Access Actuator Access Actuator Bolt Access Actuator Bolt Access Electrical Access Actuator Bolt Access Actuator Access Actuator Access Actuator Access Actuator Bolt Access Actuator Bolt Access	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	4111-1 4131-1 4131-3 4131-4 4131-5-1 4133-7 4133-10 3133-10 3133-7 3132-4 3132-4 3132-4 3132-3 3132-2	Actuator Access Compass Transmitter Acces Outer Panel Access Outer Panel Access Aileron Rigging Access Actuator Access Aileron Rigging Access Aileron Rigging Access Outer Panel Access Outer Panel Access

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Figure 1-12. Top Wing Access Panels

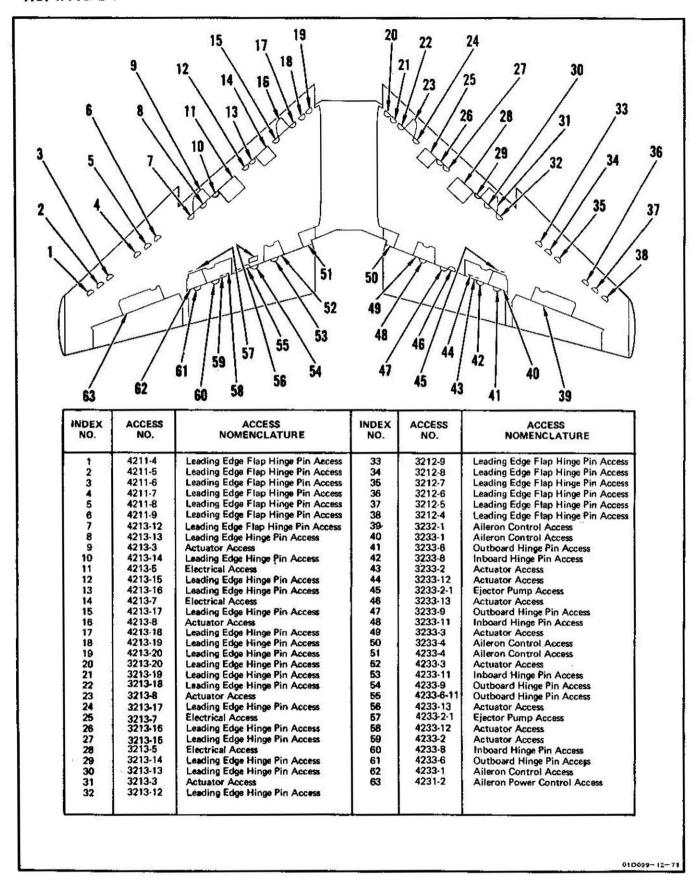


Figure 1-13. Bottom Wing Access Panels

STATIONS 3 AND 6 **PYLON STATIONS** INDEX ACCESS NOMENCLATURE ACCESS NO. NO. B10213-3 1 Electrical Receptacle Access (Left Side) 2 B10212-1 Pylon Electrical Disconnect Access 3 B10211-1 MAU-12 Access (Inboard) B10213-2 3 MAU-12 Access (Outboard) B10231-1 Main Aft Disconnect Access (Inboard) B10233-1 Main Aft Disconnect Access (Outboard) B10231-2 5 **Electrical Access** Stores (Inboard) STATIONS 3 AND 6 5 B10233-2 Electrical Access Stores (Outboard) B10223-1 6 MAU-12 Access (Outboard) 6 B10221-1 MAU-12 Access (Inboard) B10213-1 7 Electrical Access Stores (Outboard) STATIONS 2 AND 7 B10213-1 Electrical Access Stores (Outboard) 9 B10213-2 MAU-12 Access (Outboard) B10211-1 9 MAU-12 Access (Inboard) B10212-1 10 Pylon Electrical Disconnect Access B10233-1 Main Aft Disconnect 11 Access (Outboard) B10231-1 11 Main Aft Disconnect Access (Inboard) B10233-2 12 Electrical Access Stores (Outboard) B10231-2 12 Electrical Access Stores (Inboard) B10223-1 MAU-12 Access 13 STATIONS 2 AND 7 (Outboard) 13 B10221-1 MAU-12 Access (Inboard) STATIONS 1 AND 8 14 B10213-1 Electrical Access Stores (Outboard) 15 B10212-1 Pylon Electrical 16 Disconnect Access 16 B10231-1 Main Aft Disconnect Access (Inboard) 16 B10233-1 Main Aft Disconnect many Access (Outboard) 17 B10233-2 Electrical Access Stores (Outboard) 17 B10231-2 **Electrical Access** Stores (Inboard) 18 17 18 B10223-1 MAU-12 Access (Outboard) STATIONS 1 AND 8 18 B10221-1 MAU-12 Access (Inboard) 01D100-0\$-74

Figure 1-14. Pylon Access Panels

1-14. ARMOR PLATE ARRANGEMENT. (See figure 1-16.)

1-15. Armor plate is provided for protection of the pilot and vital flight sustaining systems. Both ceramic composite and dual hardness steel material are used for armor plate. Ceramic armor plates are installed in the cockpit, fuselage midsection, and engine bay areas. Steel armor plates are installed on the forward pilot's compartment bulkhead, fuselage midsection and aft section, and vertical stabilizer. A functional description of armor plate is provided in the applicable maintenance sections.

1-16. MOVABLE SURFACE HAZARDS. (See figure 1-17.)

1-17. Flight control surfaces, air refueling probe, emergency power package, landing gear, and speed brake areas are potential danger areas when hydraulic power is applied to the airplane. During landing gear operational checkout, only the minimum personnel required to perform the operation shall be in the immediate area of the airplane.

1-18. DANGER AREAS. (See figures 1-18 and 1-19.)

1-19. ENGINE OPERATION HAZARDS. During engine starting, potential danger exists in the area of the starter turbine plane of rotation and adjacent to the starter exhaust. During engine operation, potential engine inlet danger exists in a conical area starting from 5 feet aft of the airplane nose and extending forward at angles of 45° left and right of the airplane centerline, to 25 feet forward of the engine air inlet duct. Engine exhaust danger exists in an area starting at the tailpipe outlet and aft to approximately 100 feet. The exact exhaust temperature range and blast area will vary according to prevailing winds. While the engine is

operating, the area in line with the engine turbine wheel plane of rotation and the area adjacent to the bypass air exhaust on the bottom of the engine should be avoided. Ear protection devices are necessary in the immediate area adjacent to the airplane during engine operation. For information related to engine operation danger areas and personnel safety requirements, see figure 1-18.

1-20. RADIATION HAZARDS. For information regarding radiation hazards during ground operation of the AN/APQ-126(V) radar, see figure 1-19.

1-21. AVIONIC EQUIPMENT COOLING REQUIREMENTS.

NOTE

Ambient temperature for avionic equipment operation is defined as the temperature of the air immediately surrounding the exterior of the airplane, not the equipment.

1-22. Operation of airplane avionic equipment heats up the air immediately surrounding the equipment. To prevent the equipment environment from becoming too hot and causing eventual equipment failure, ground operation of all avionic equipment is limited in duration when ambient temperature exceeds a certain range, unless cooling air is provided. A list of airplane avionic equipment with location and method of control is provided in table 1-2. Ground operation of this equipment shall not exceed operating time limits specified for corresponding ambient temperatures and cooling requirements listed in tables 1-3 and 1-4. Table 1-3 is applicable for operation of all avionic equipment except forward looking radar (FLR). Table 1-4 is applicable for operation of the FLR. For connecting ground air-conditioner to airplane, refer to paragraph 1-51.

CAUTION

To prevent induced side loads on load cells and possible damage to airplane resulting from an unevenly seated jack, it is imperative that the airplane remain completely level during all jacking, weighing, and lowering operations.

- Jack airplane evenly, maintaining level attitute, until main and nose gear tires are clear of floor.
- 13. Weigh airplane in accordance with T.O. I-1B-40 (for airplane being weighed) and T.O. 1A-7D-5.
- 14. Lower airplane evenly, maintaining level attitude, until load cells are clear of jack pads.
- 15. Remove jack pads from airplane and load cells from jacks.
- 16. Remove rope from nose gear and close speed brake circuit breaker CB307.
 - 17. Close access 2232-1.

2-38. HOISTING.

Tools Required

Figure & Index No.	Part Number	Nomenclature	Use and Application
	MIL-M-7404	Maintenance stand B4-A	Gain access to top of airplane.
2-11	216-00210-28 or 216-00210-1	Airplane hoisting sling	Adapt hoist to airplane.
		20-ton hoist	Raise airplane.
	Local fabrication or 7727552 (Oklahoma City ALC)	Skid plates (4)	Allow main landing gear to assume normal position when airplane is lowered.

Airplanes through AF69-6196 except AF69-6189

2-39. Attach points are readily accessible through center wing accesses. The airplane hoisting sling is

attached by quick-release pins and is capable of lifting 36,000 pounds.

2-40. HOISTING AIRPLANE. (Refer to table 2-7 and see figure 2-11.)

CAUTION

Maximum safe hoisting weight of the airplane is 36,000 pounds.

Ensure that required structural access panels are installed (table 2-7).

- a. Open access 3133-5, 4133-5, 3113-10, and 4113-10.
- b. Attach sling assembly to overhead hoist or portable crane with a lifting capacity of 20 tons.
- c. Hoist sling assembly into position above wing and secure quick-release pins to wing lift lugs. Ensure flathead pin is installed from aft side on forward sling link assemblies.
- d. Attach guy lines to each main gear and to nose gear tiedown shackle to guide and stabilize airplane during suspension.

CAUTION

The airplane has a normal noseup attitude when suspended. Care shall be taken to avoid bumping tail cone during hoisting. Extension of arresting gear may prevent tail cone damage.

- e. With a person stationed at each guy line, carefully hoist airplane.
 - f. Accomplish required maintenance.
- g. Position skid plates under main landing gear wheels before wheels touch the ground.
- h. With a person stationed at each guy line, carefully lower the airplane to the ground.
- i. Remove quick-release pins from wing lift lugs and swing hoist assembly clear of airplane.
- j. Close accesses 3133-5, 4133-5, 3113-10, and 4113-10.
- k. Remove guy lines from nose and each main landing gear.

Table 2-7. Access Panel Restrictions
During Hoisting Operation

CAUTION

To prevent structural damage to airplane, the following access panels shall be installed (with all fasteners) before hoisting airplane.

1123-1	or	- 1	2123-4 ¹ 2123-9 ² 2123-11 ¹
2212-6 \\ 2212-10\	or		2222-4
5122-4	OI.		
 5122-5			
5122-6 ²			
5132-1			
5133-1			
6122-4			
6122-5			

Table 2-7, Access Panel Restrictions During Hoisting Operation (continued)

6132-1	- 50	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
6133-1		
6222-1	or	6222-3
1222-8		1222-5
1222-8-1	ог	1222-6
1222-9		1222-6-1
1222-10		1222-6-3
/		1222-11
If nose gear is instal be installed:	led, the follo	owing panels must
2212-6		(1222-5
2212-10		1222-6
- /	or	1222-6-1

1222-6-3

¹Airplanes through AF69-6196

²Airplanes AF69-6197 and subsequent